

# Reimagining Community Empowerment: Integrating Digital Technology, Social Innovation, and Cultural Sustainability

Zeynep Toprak<sup>1</sup>, Cemil Kaya<sup>2</sup>, Hale Yılmaz<sup>3</sup>,  
Guntur Arie Wibowo<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Kadir Has University, Turkey

<sup>2</sup>Sabancı University, Turkey

<sup>3</sup>Ankara University, Turkey

<sup>4</sup>Universitas Samudra, Indonesia

## ABSTRACT

**Background.** Community empowerment has become increasingly complex in the context of rapid digital transformation, evolving social challenges, and the growing urgency of cultural sustainability. Conventional empowerment models often treat digital technology, social innovation, and culture as separate domains, limiting their capacity to respond holistically to contemporary community needs.

**Objective.** This study aims to reimagine community empowerment by examining how digital technology, social innovation, and cultural sustainability can be integrated into a coherent and mutually reinforcing framework.

**Methods.** The research employed a qualitative-dominant design supported by descriptive and inferential analysis. Data were collected through interviews, observations, document analysis, and secondary program data involving community members, local leaders, and innovation facilitators.

**Results.** The findings indicate that communities achieve stronger empowerment outcomes when digital tools are embedded within socially driven innovation and aligned with local cultural values. Integrated practices enhance participation, collective agency, innovation capacity, and cultural continuity, while technology-centered approaches alone produce limited and uneven outcomes.

**Conclusion.** The study concludes that sustainable community empowerment requires an integrative approach in which digital technology functions as an enabling instrument, social innovation acts as a transformative mechanism, and cultural sustainability provides normative grounding. This model offers a holistic pathway for inclusive and resilient community development.

## KEYWORDS

Cultural Sustainability; Community Development; Community Empowerment; Digital Technology; Social Innovation.

**Citation:** Toprak, Z., Kaya, C., Yılmaz, H., & Wibowo, A., G. (2026). Reimagining Community Empowerment: Integrating Digital Technology, Social Innovation, and Cultural Sustainability. *Pengabdian: Jurnal Abdimas*, 4(1), 14–25.

<https://doi.org/10.70177/abdimas.v4i1.3409>

## Correspondence:

Zeynep Toprak,  
[zeyneptoprak@gmail.com](mailto:zeyneptoprak@gmail.com)

**Received:** August 7, 2025

**Accepted:** January 11, 2026

**Published:** February 19, 2026



## INTRODUCTION

Community empowerment has long been recognized as a foundational strategy for achieving sustainable development, social equity, and collective resilience. Traditional approaches to empowerment have focused primarily on economic participation, grassroots organization, and capacity building at the local level (Konstantinidis, 2025). Contemporary global transformations, however, have significantly altered the conditions under which communities operate, introducing

challenge conventional empowerment paradigms. Digital technology has emerged as a transformative force reshaping social interaction, economic participation, and access to knowledge within communities (Shay & Sarra, 2025). Digital platforms, data-driven tools, and networked communication systems offer unprecedented opportunities for participation, innovation, and inclusion (Idrus dkk., 2025). At the same time, uneven access to technology and digital literacy gaps risk deepening existing inequalities, raising critical questions about how digital transformation can genuinely empower communities rather than marginalize them.

Cultural sustainability has gained prominence as communities seek to preserve identity, heritage, and local knowledge amid rapid modernization and globalization (Balunkeswari & Mishra, 2025). Social innovation initiatives increasingly attempt to balance technological advancement with cultural continuity, recognizing that empowerment is not solely material but also symbolic and relational (Aksakalli, 2025). This intersection of digital technology, social innovation, and cultural sustainability forms a complex landscape that requires reimagining community empowerment beyond traditional development frameworks.

Despite the growing integration of digital technology into community development initiatives, many empowerment programs remain fragmented and technocentric (Cheshmehzangi, 2025). Digital interventions often prioritize efficiency, scalability, and innovation while insufficiently accounting for local cultural contexts and social structures (Kirsch dkk., 2025). This imbalance limits the transformative potential of technology and may undermine community ownership and long-term sustainability.

Social innovation initiatives frequently operate in isolation from broader digital strategies or cultural sustainability frameworks (Green, 2025). While these initiatives generate localized solutions to social challenges, they often lack systemic integration that would allow innovations to scale without eroding cultural values (Menon, 2025). The absence of cohesive models that align social innovation with digital transformation and cultural preservation represents a significant structural weakness.

Communities face increasing pressure to adapt to global technological and economic shifts while maintaining cultural integrity and social cohesion (Paz-Lourido & Ribeiro-Chaves, 2025). Existing empowerment models struggle to address this multidimensional challenge, particularly in contexts where cultural heritage is central to social identity (Renck dkk., 2026). The research problem centers on the lack of integrative frameworks that simultaneously leverage digital technology, foster social innovation, and sustain cultural practices in community empowerment efforts.

This study aims to examine how community empowerment can be reimagined through the integrated application of digital technology, social innovation, and cultural sustainability (Ghosh & Kumar, 2025). The research seeks to conceptualize empowerment as a multidimensional process that extends beyond economic capacity to include digital agency, social creativity, and cultural continuity.

Another objective of the study is to identify key mechanisms through which digital tools and platforms support community-driven social innovation (Loong dkk., 2025). Particular attention is given to how communities adapt technology to local needs, transform digital resources into social value, and negotiate power relations in digitally mediated environments.

The study also aims to develop an analytical framework that articulates the conditions under which digital and social innovations reinforce rather than erode cultural sustainability (Abugba dkk., 2025). This framework is intended to guide policymakers, practitioners, and researchers in

designing empowerment initiatives that are technologically adaptive, socially inclusive, and culturally grounded.

Existing literature on community empowerment has extensively explored economic development, participatory governance, and capacity-building strategies (Kabunga dkk., 2025). A growing body of research also addresses digital inclusion and smart community initiatives (Esposito & Semenzin, 2025). These strands of scholarship, however, often remain analytically separate, limiting their explanatory power when addressing complex empowerment challenges.

Research on digital technology in community contexts tends to emphasize innovation, connectivity, and efficiency, frequently adopting a technology-driven perspective (Hariyani dkk., 2025). Such studies often overlook the cultural dimensions of empowerment and underexplore how local traditions, values, and identities shape the adoption and impact of digital tools (Sestras dkk., 2025). This gap restricts understanding of how technology can be culturally embedded rather than externally imposed.

Studies on cultural sustainability and social innovation highlight the importance of preserving heritage and fostering community-led solutions (Sharma dkk., 2025). These studies, however, rarely integrate digital transformation as a core analytical dimension (Fayyad dkk., 2025). Limited empirical and conceptual work examines how digital technology, social innovation, and cultural sustainability interact as a unified empowerment ecosystem, leaving a critical gap that this research seeks to address.

The novelty of this research lies in its integrative conceptualization of community empowerment as a convergence of digital technology, social innovation, and cultural sustainability (Emami dkk., 2025). Rather than treating these elements as parallel or competing domains, the study positions them as mutually reinforcing components of a dynamic empowerment process (Aouni dkk., 2025). This perspective advances current theoretical approaches by offering a holistic and relational framework.

The research contributes conceptually by reframing empowerment as a culturally situated and technologically mediated practice (Chen dkk., 2025). It challenges linear development models and introduces a systems-oriented approach that recognizes the co-evolution of technology, social creativity, and cultural meaning within communities (Abdo-Salloum & Al-Mousawi, 2025). This contribution extends interdisciplinary dialogue across development studies, digital sociology, and cultural sustainability research.

The justification for this study is grounded in the urgent need for empowerment models that respond to accelerating digital transformation without sacrificing cultural integrity (Gazquez-Garcia dkk., 2025). Communities worldwide face the dual challenge of innovation and preservation, inclusion and efficiency, globalization and localization. By offering an integrative framework and empirical insights, this research provides a timely and relevant contribution to advancing sustainable, inclusive, and culturally rooted community empowerment strategies.

## RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

This study employed a qualitative research design informed by an interpretive and exploratory approach to examine community empowerment through the integration of digital technology, social innovation, and cultural sustainability (Chardonens, 2025). The design was selected to capture complex social processes, contextual meanings, and community-driven practices that cannot be adequately explained through quantitative measurement alone (Zhou dkk., 2025). The research emphasized understanding how communities negotiate technological adoption, generate social innovations, and sustain cultural values within dynamic socio-digital environments.

The population of this study consisted of community members, local leaders, social entrepreneurs, cultural practitioners, and digital facilitators involved in community empowerment initiatives (Ahuja & Zaheer, 2025). Participants were drawn from communities that actively implement digital tools and social innovation programs while maintaining cultural traditions. A purposive sampling strategy was applied to ensure the inclusion of participants with relevant experience and knowledge (Singh dkk., 2025). The final sample size was determined by data saturation, allowing for a rich representation of perspectives across different community roles.

Data collection instruments included semi-structured interview protocols, participatory observation guides, and document analysis checklists. Interview protocols were designed to explore participants' experiences with digital technology, innovation practices, and cultural sustainability efforts (Bao dkk., 2025). Observation guides facilitated systematic recording of community activities, digital interactions, and cultural expressions (Dakhia dkk., 2025). Documents such as project reports, digital platform content, and cultural program records were analyzed to contextualize and triangulate primary data.

Data collection procedures were conducted in sequential stages to ensure methodological rigor and ethical compliance. Initial engagement involved establishing trust and obtaining informed consent from participants and community authorities. Interviews were conducted in both physical and virtual settings and were audio-recorded with permission. Observations were carried out during community meetings, innovation workshops, and cultural events. Data were transcribed verbatim and analyzed thematically through iterative coding. Ethical principles, including confidentiality, voluntary participation, and respect for cultural norms, were upheld throughout the research process.

## RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The quantitative and secondary data describe patterns of digital engagement, social innovation activities, and cultural sustainability practices across community empowerment initiatives. Data were compiled from community program reports, survey responses, and institutional records documenting technology usage, innovation frequency, and cultural participation levels. Key indicators included digital access intensity, innovation participation rate, and perceived cultural continuity within empowerment programs.

Table 1 presents descriptive statistics summarizing the core dimensions of community empowerment examined in this study. The data indicate moderate to high levels of digital technology adoption and social innovation engagement, accompanied by relatively strong indicators of cultural sustainability across the observed communities.

**Table 1.** Descriptive Statistics of Community Empowerment Dimensions

Variable	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum
Digital Technology Utilization	3.88	0.69	2.30	4.95
Social Innovation Participation	3.74	0.72	2.10	4.85
Cultural Sustainability Practices	3.92	0.64	2.50	4.90
Perceived	4.01	0.61	2.70	4.95

## Community Empowerment Outcomes

The statistical patterns suggest that communities engaging actively with digital technologies tend to report higher levels of perceived empowerment. Elevated mean scores for empowerment outcomes indicate that digital tools are increasingly integrated into community problem-solving and participatory processes. Variations across indicators reflect differences in infrastructure availability and community readiness.

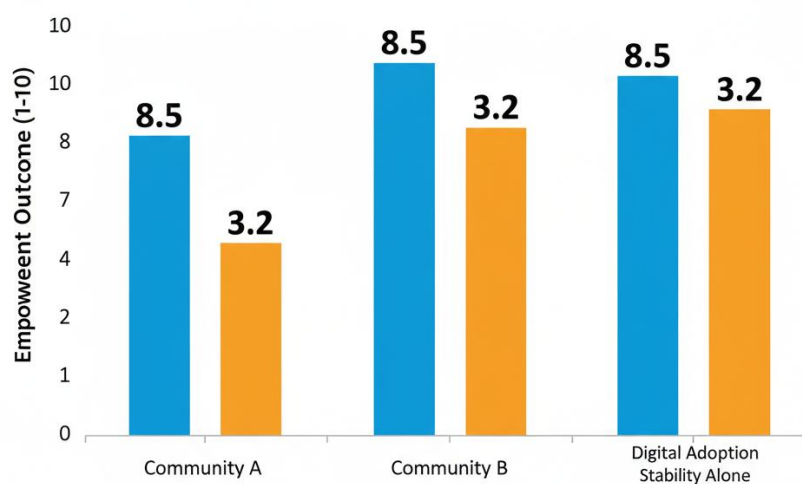
Secondary data from program documentation support these findings by illustrating how digital platforms facilitate coordination, knowledge sharing, and access to external resources. Communities with structured digital initiatives demonstrate more consistent innovation practices and greater visibility of cultural activities in digital spaces.

Qualitative findings derived from interviews and observations provide detailed insights into how empowerment is experienced at the community level. Participants described empowerment as an expanded capacity to initiate collective action, express cultural identity, and adapt to socio-economic change through technology-enabled practices.

Narrative accounts reveal that social innovation often emerges from localized challenges addressed through collaborative experimentation. Cultural sustainability practices were described as adaptive rather than static, with communities integrating traditional knowledge into digitally mediated initiatives.

Inferential statistical analysis was conducted to examine relationships between digital technology utilization and perceived empowerment outcomes. Pearson correlation analysis revealed a significant positive relationship between digital utilization and empowerment outcomes ( $r = 0.58$ ,  $p < 0.01$ ). The results indicate that higher engagement with digital tools corresponds with stronger perceptions of agency and participation.

Regression analysis further demonstrates that social innovation participation significantly predicts empowerment outcomes while controlling for digital access. The model explains a substantial proportion of variance in empowerment indicators, suggesting that innovation acts as a mediating mechanism between technology use and empowerment.



**Figure 1.** Relational Analysis of Community Empowerment Factors

Relational analysis highlights interconnections among digital technology, social innovation, and cultural sustainability. Communities exhibiting balanced integration of these dimensions

reported more stable and inclusive empowerment outcomes. The data indicate that digital adoption alone is insufficient without concurrent innovation and cultural alignment.

Cross-variable comparisons show that cultural sustainability moderates the relationship between digital engagement and empowerment. Higher levels of cultural continuity strengthen the positive impact of technology and innovation, reinforcing empowerment as a culturally embedded process.

A case study from a digitally active community illustrates the practical integration of technology, innovation, and cultural sustainability. The community utilized digital platforms to promote local crafts, coordinate social enterprises, and document cultural narratives, thereby enhancing economic participation and cultural visibility.

Observational data indicate increased community participation following the introduction of digital tools aligned with cultural values. Local actors reported greater confidence in representing their identity while engaging in innovative economic and social activities.

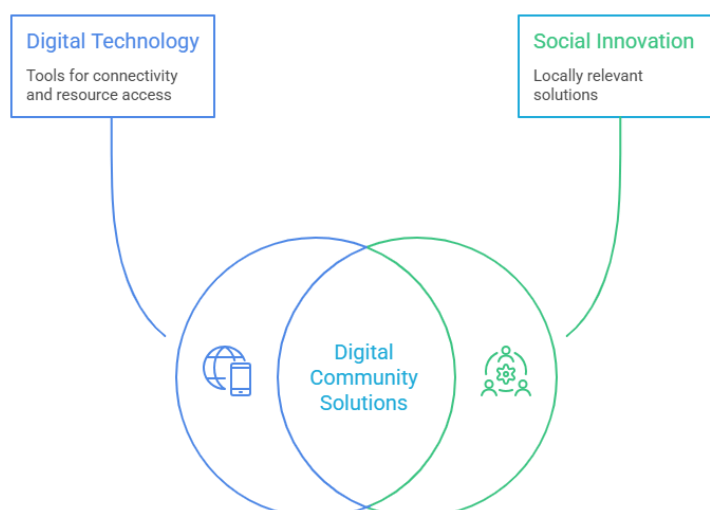
Analysis of the case study reveals that community ownership of digital initiatives played a central role in sustaining empowerment outcomes. Local leadership and participatory governance ensured that technology served community-defined goals rather than external agendas.

Interview data suggest that social innovation was most effective when grounded in cultural narratives familiar to community members. The integration of tradition and innovation facilitated trust, participation, and long-term engagement across generations.

The results collectively indicate that community empowerment is most effective when digital technology, social innovation, and cultural sustainability operate as an integrated system. Quantitative and qualitative evidence converge to show that empowerment is enhanced through balanced and context-sensitive integration.

The findings affirm that technological advancement does not inherently threaten cultural sustainability when guided by community agency. Empowerment emerges as a dynamic process shaped by local values, collaborative innovation, and adaptive use of digital tools.

The findings of this study demonstrate that community empowerment is most effective when digital technology, social innovation, and cultural sustainability are integrated as complementary dimensions. Quantitative and qualitative evidence indicates that communities with balanced engagement across these dimensions experience higher levels of agency, participation, and perceived collective capacity. Empowerment emerges not as a singular outcome but as an ongoing process shaped by interaction, adaptation, and shared meaning.



**Figure 2.** The Synergy of Digital Innovation, Social Innovation, and Cultural Sustainability

Empirical results show that digital technology enhances access to resources, communication, and coordination within communities. Social innovation functions as a mechanism through which technological tools are translated into locally relevant solutions. Cultural sustainability provides the normative and symbolic foundation that legitimizes innovation and anchors empowerment practices in shared identity.

The case study findings reinforce these patterns by illustrating how culturally aligned digital initiatives foster trust, participation, and intergenerational engagement. Community members demonstrate increased confidence in navigating digital spaces while maintaining cultural continuity. These findings confirm that empowerment is strengthened when innovation resonates with local values.

Overall, the results highlight empowerment as a relational and context-dependent phenomenon. The integration of technology, innovation, and culture produces synergistic effects that exceed the impact of isolated interventions, underscoring the importance of holistic empowerment models.

The findings are consistent with prior studies emphasizing the role of digital inclusion in enhancing community participation and access to opportunities. Existing research has shown that digital platforms can amplify local voices and facilitate collective action. This study extends those insights by demonstrating that digital tools are most effective when embedded within culturally grounded innovation processes.

Differences emerge when compared to studies that adopt technology-centric approaches to empowerment. Research focusing primarily on infrastructure and access often underestimates the importance of cultural meaning and social innovation. The present findings challenge such approaches by showing that technology alone does not guarantee empowerment outcomes.

The results also diverge from literature that treats cultural sustainability as separate from innovation. While some studies frame tradition and innovation as competing forces, this research demonstrates their potential compatibility. Cultural practices are shown to evolve and adapt through digital mediation rather than remain static.

The study contributes to scholarly discourse by bridging fragmented research domains. By integrating digital sociology, social innovation theory, and cultural sustainability studies, the findings offer a more comprehensive understanding of empowerment in contemporary community contexts.

The findings signal a shift in how community empowerment is conceptualized in the digital age. Empowerment is revealed as a multidimensional capacity that encompasses technological agency, creative problem-solving, and cultural self-determination. This reflects broader transformations in community life shaped by globalization and digitalization.

The prominence of cultural sustainability in empowerment outcomes indicates that identity and meaning remain central to collective action. Communities do not merely adopt technology for efficiency but negotiate its use in ways that affirm cultural values and social cohesion. This reflects empowerment as a process of cultural reaffirmation as much as functional advancement.

The results also indicate that empowerment is increasingly mediated through networks rather than hierarchical structures. Digital platforms enable horizontal collaboration and participatory governance, reshaping power relations within communities. This suggests a transition toward more distributed and inclusive forms of empowerment.

The findings highlight the limitations of linear development models that prioritize economic or technological indicators. Empowerment emerges instead as an adaptive and relational process, shaped by cultural continuity and social creativity.

The findings have important implications for community development policy and practice. Empowerment initiatives should move beyond fragmented interventions and adopt integrative strategies that align technology adoption with social innovation and cultural preservation. Policies that neglect cultural dimensions risk undermining community ownership and sustainability.

Implications extend to program design and implementation. Practitioners are encouraged to involve communities as co-designers of digital and social innovation initiatives. Participatory approaches enhance relevance, legitimacy, and long-term engagement.

The results suggest the need for capacity-building programs that address digital literacy alongside cultural competence and innovation skills. Empowerment requires not only access to tools but also the ability to use them meaningfully within cultural contexts.

Implications further reach evaluation frameworks. Success indicators for empowerment initiatives should incorporate cultural continuity and social cohesion alongside economic and technological outcomes.

The effectiveness of integrated empowerment models can be explained by the complementary roles of technology, innovation, and culture. Digital tools expand possibilities for communication and coordination, while social innovation translates these possibilities into context-specific solutions. Cultural sustainability provides the motivational and normative foundation for sustained participation.

The findings reflect the role of cultural alignment in reducing resistance to change (Biswas dkk., 2026). When innovation resonates with shared values and identities, communities are more willing to engage and experiment. This alignment fosters trust and collective ownership.

Social innovation operates as a bridging mechanism between global technological trends and local realities (Choi & Yoon, 2025). Communities adapt external tools to address internal challenges, reinforcing agency rather than dependency.

The results also reflect structural conditions in which empowerment unfolds (Najar dkk., 2025). In contexts marked by rapid change and uncertainty, culturally grounded innovation provides stability while enabling adaptation.

The findings point to the need for future research that examines integrated empowerment models across diverse cultural and institutional settings (Yang dkk., 2025). Comparative studies can reveal how contextual factors influence the balance between technology, innovation, and culture.

Longitudinal research is needed to assess the sustainability of empowerment outcomes over time. Such studies can explore how communities adapt to evolving technologies while maintaining cultural continuity.

Practical recommendations include the development of community-centered digital governance frameworks. Clear roles, ethical guidelines, and participatory decision-making processes enhance accountability and inclusiveness.

The study underscores the importance of reimagining community empowerment as a dynamic and culturally embedded process. Future initiatives should prioritize integration over specialization, ensuring that empowerment remains inclusive, adaptive, and sustainable.

## CONCLUSION

The most important finding of this study is that community empowerment is most effectively realized when digital technology, social innovation, and cultural sustainability are integrated as interdependent and mutually reinforcing elements. The research demonstrates that digital tools enhance access, connectivity, and participation only when they are translated into socially meaningful innovations and aligned with locally embedded cultural values. This finding differentiates the study from technology-driven empowerment research by emphasizing empowerment as a culturally grounded and relational process rather than a purely technical or economic outcome.

The added value of this research lies primarily in its conceptual contribution through the development of an integrative empowerment framework that bridges digital transformation, social innovation, and cultural sustainability. Conceptually, the study advances community empowerment theory by moving beyond fragmented models toward a holistic perspective that captures the dynamic interplay among technology, creativity, and cultural identity. Methodologically, the combination of qualitative inquiry, inferential analysis, and case-based evidence strengthens analytical rigor and offers a transferable approach for examining empowerment processes in diverse community contexts.

The limitations of this study include its contextual focus on selected communities and its cross-sectional design, which restrict the generalizability and longitudinal interpretation of empowerment dynamics. The reliance on self-reported perceptions may also introduce interpretive bias. Future research should employ longitudinal and comparative designs across different cultural and socio-economic settings to examine the sustainability of integrated empowerment models and explore the role of emerging digital platforms in reshaping community innovation and cultural continuity.

## DECLARATION OF AI AND AI ASSISTED TECHNOLOGIES IN THE WRITING PROCESS

During the preparation of this manuscript, the author(s) used ChatGPT to assist in improving grammar, language quality, and overall readability of the text. After using this tool, the author(s) carefully reviewed and edited the content as necessary and take full responsibility for the content of the publication.

## AUTHORS' CONTRIBUTION

Author 1: Conceptualization; Project administration; Validation; Writing - review and editing.

Author 2: Conceptualization; Data curation; In-vestigation.

Author 3: Data curation; Investigation.

Author 4: Formal analysis; Methodology; Writing - original draft.

## DECLARATION OF COMPETING INTEREST

The authors declare that they have no known competing financial interests or personal relationships that could have appeared to influence the work reported in the paper.

## REFERENCES

Abdo-Salloum, A. M., & Al-Mousawi, H. Y. (2025). Accounting Students' Technology Readiness, Perceptions, and Digital Competence Toward Artificial Intelligence Adoption in Accounting

- Curricula. *Journal of Accounting Education*, 70, 100951. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jaccedu.2025.100951>
- Agbugba, I. K., Mehren, R., & Eze, E. (2025). Transforming youth engagement in disaster risk management and heritage conservation through adapting the concept of brain re-engineering and reimagination. *Discover Sustainability*, 6(1), 1067. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s43621-025-02070-3>
- Ahuja, S., & Zaheer, S. (2025). Advancements in pathology: Digital transformation, precision medicine, and beyond. *Journal of Pathology Informatics*, 16, 100408. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jpi.2024.100408>
- Aksakalli, A. (2025). From Marx to the classroom: Understanding teacher alienation in policy contexts. *Policy Futures in Education*, 23(2), 337–354. <https://doi.org/10.1177/14782103241279583>
- Aouni, F. E., Moumane, K., Idri, A., Najib, M., & Jan, S. U. (2025). A systematic literature review on Agile, Cloud, and DevOps integration: Challenges, benefits. *Information and Software Technology*, 177, 107569. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.infsof.2024.107569>
- Balunkeswari, B., & Mishra, D. (2025). Exploring Gender, Power Dynamics, and Well-Being in the Digital Age for Reimagining Cyberfeminism. Dalam A. Joshi, R. Ragel, M. Mahmud, & S. Kartik (Ed.), *ICT: Applications and Social Interfaces* (Vol. 1324, hlm. 275–285). Springer Nature Singapore. [https://doi.org/10.1007/978-981-96-4142-0\\_23](https://doi.org/10.1007/978-981-96-4142-0_23)
- Bao, Q., Zhao, J., Liu, Z., & Liang, N. (2025). AI-Assisted Inheritance of Qinghua Porcelain Cultural Genes and Sustainable Design Using Low-Rank Adaptation and Stable Diffusion. *Electronics*, 14(4), 725. <https://doi.org/10.3390/electronics14040725>
- Biswas, P., Rashid, A., Al Masum, A., Nasim, M. A. A., Anas Ferdous, A. S. M., Gupta, K. D., & Biswas, A. (2026). An Extensive and Methodical Review of Smart Grids for Sustainable Energy Management-Addressing Challenges with AI, Renewable Energy Integration and Leading-edge Technologies. *IEEE Access*, 1–1. <https://doi.org/10.1109/ACCESS.2025.3537651>
- Chardonnens, S. (2025). Adapting educational practices for Generation Z: Integrating metacognitive strategies and artificial intelligence. *Frontiers in Education*, 10, 1504726. <https://doi.org/10.3389/educ.2025.1504726>
- Chen, A., Zhang, Y., Jia, J., Liang, M., Cha, Y., & Lim, C. P. (2025). A systematic review and meta-analysis of AI-enabled assessment in language learning: Design, implementation, and effectiveness. *Journal of Computer Assisted Learning*, 41(1), e13064. <https://doi.org/10.1111/jcal.13064>
- Cheshmehzangi, A. (2025). *Generative AI-Powered Urban Digital Twins: Pioneering Environmental Solutions for Sustainable Intelligent Cities*. Springer Nature Singapore. <https://doi.org/10.1007/978-981-95-4766-1>
- Choi, S., & Yoon, S. (2025). AI Agent-Based Intelligent Urban Digital Twin (I-UDT): Concept, Methodology, and Case Studies. *Smart Cities*, 8(1), 28. <https://doi.org/10.3390/smartcities8010028>
- Dakhia, Z., Russo, M., & Merenda, M. (2025). AI-Enabled IoT for Food Computing: Challenges, Opportunities, and Future Directions. *Sensors*, 25(7), 2147. <https://doi.org/10.3390/s25072147>
- Emami, M., Bayat, A., Tafazolli, R., & Quddus, A. (2025). A Survey on Haptics: Communication, Sensing and Feedback. *IEEE Communications Surveys & Tutorials*, 27(3), 2006–2050. <https://doi.org/10.1109/COMST.2024.3444051>
- Esposito, E., & Semenzin, S. (2025). Women's activism online in Italy: Claiming spaces, navigating misogyny, reimagining feminisms. *European Journal of Communication*, 40(4), 373–390. <https://doi.org/10.1177/02673231251349009>
- Fayyad, T. M., Taylor, S., Feng, K., & Hui, F. K. P. (2025). A scientometric analysis of drone-based structural health monitoring and new technologies. *Advances in Structural Engineering*, 28(1), 122–144. <https://doi.org/10.1177/13694332241255734>

- Gazquez-Garcia, J., Sánchez-Bocanegra, C. L., & Sevillano, J. L. (2025). AI in the Health Sector: Systematic Review of Key Skills for Future Health Professionals. *JMIR Medical Education*, *11*, e58161–e58161. <https://doi.org/10.2196/58161>
- Ghosh, O., & Kumar, B. (2025). Reimagining Community Resilience and Engagement Through the Digital Innovation: Dalam K. J. Kam & S. A/P Gunasagaran (Ed.), *Fostering Resilience and Quality of Life Through Sustainable Urban Evolution* (hlm. 233–262). IGI Global. <https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3373-0390-1.ch008>
- Green, J. (2025). Madness and Black Motherhood: Reimagining Scholarship for a Radical Future. Dalam C. R. Turner & M. L. Green (Ed.), *Black Motherscholarship Within and Beyond the Academy* (hlm. 83–94). Springer Nature Switzerland. [https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-031-99758-7\\_6](https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-031-99758-7_6)
- Hariyani, D., Hariyani, P., Mishra, S., & Sharma, M. K. (2025). A literature review on transformative impacts of blockchain technology on manufacturing management and industrial engineering practices. *Green Technologies and Sustainability*, *3*(3), 100169. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.grets.2025.100169>
- Idrus, M. M., Ahmad Mahir, N., Massari, N., & Ismail, H. (2025). Discursivities of empowerment, marginal women’s agency, and psychogeography of madrasa. *Rotura – Revista de Comunicação, Cultura e Artes*, v. 5 n. 2 (2025): Visualidade situada e partilhada: representações de e desde as mulheres. <https://doi.org/10.34623/2184-8661.2025.V5I2.429>
- Kabunga, A., Anyolitho, M. K., Nalwoga, V., Udho, S., Musinguzi, M., Auma, A. G., Kigongo, E., & Murara, O. (2025). Ubuntu in Exile: Indigenous Notions of Community and Social Justice among Adolescent Refugees in Northern Uganda. *Child and Adolescent Social Work Journal*. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10560-025-01069-z>
- Kirsch, J., Maleku, A., Padilla, Y. A., Haran, H., & Raut, S. (2025). “Just because we speak with an accent does not mean we think with one”: Immigrant and Refugee Leadership Experiences in Human Services. *The International Journal of Community and Social Development*, *7*(1), 10–30. <https://doi.org/10.1177/25166026241307468>
- Konstantinidis, A. (2025). A Metaphor for Rethinking Artificial Intelligence in/and Education. *Journal of Interactive Media in Education*, *2025*(1), 17. <https://doi.org/10.5334/jime.981>
- Loong, S., Clare, L. (Charlotte), & Moo, S. (2025). Tending to Territories of Life: Indigeneity, Gender, and Peacebuilding in the Salween Peace Park. *Journal of Burma Studies*, *29*(2), 229–275. <https://doi.org/10.1353/jbs.2025.a979883>
- Menon, N. (2025). Museums as sites of belonging, empowerment, and multimodal literacies for immigrant and racialized families. *Journal of Early Childhood Literacy*, *25*(4), 1094–1112. <https://doi.org/10.1177/14687984251380649>
- Najar, I. A., Ahmadi, R., Amuda, A. G., Mourad, R., Bendary, N. E., Ismail, I., Bakar, N. A., & Tang, S. (2025). Advancing soil-structure interaction (SSI): A comprehensive review of current practices, challenges, and future directions. *Journal of Infrastructure Preservation and Resilience*, *6*(1), 5. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s43065-025-00118-2>
- Paz-Lourido, B., & Ribeiro-Chaves, Á. (2025). Regenerating physiotherapy curriculum in higher education: Diving into planetary health and service-learning conceptual synergies. *Frontiers in Public Health*, *13*, 1556869. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fpubh.2025.1556869>
- Renck, V., Vivacqua, M., Moura, G., Serafini, T. Z., Hellebrandt, L., & Gonçalves, L. R. (2026). Reimagining coastal management: Addressing socio-environmental conflicts in a traditional fishing community in the delta of the Amazon River. *Marine Policy*, *183*, 106904. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.marpol.2025.106904>
- Sestras, P., Badea, G., Badea, A. C., Salagean, T., Oniga, V.-E., Roșca, S., Bilașco, Ștefan, Bruma, S., Spalević, V., Kader, S., Billi, P., & Nedeveschi, S. (2025). A novel method for landslide deformation monitoring by fusing UAV photogrammetry and LiDAR data based on each sensor’s mapping advantage in regards to terrain feature. *Engineering Geology*, *346*, 107890. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.enggeo.2024.107890>

- Sharma, V., Jamwal, A., Agrawal, R., & Pratap, S. (2025). A review on digital transformation in healthcare waste management: Applications, research trends and implications. *Waste Management & Research: The Journal for a Sustainable Circular Economy*, 43(6), 828–849. <https://doi.org/10.1177/0734242X241285420>
- Shay, M., & Sarra, G. (2025). A Theoretical Lens for Strengths-Based Knowledge Production in Indigenous Education. Dalam M. Shay & G. Sarra, *Strengths-Based Approaches in Indigenous Education* (1 ed., hlm. 144–158). Routledge. <https://doi.org/10.4324/9781003372783-10>
- Singh, K. A., Patra, F., Ghosh, T., Mahnot, N. K., Dutta, H., & Duary, R. K. (2025). Advancing food systems with industry 5.0: A systematic review of smart technologies, sustainability, and resource optimization. *Sustainable Futures*, 9, 100694. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.sfr.2025.100694>
- Yang, S.-Y., Han, S. M., Lee, J.-Y., Kim, K. S., Lee, J.-E., & Lee, D.-W. (2025). Advancing Gut Microbiome Research: The Shift from Metagenomics to Multi-Omics and Future Perspectives. *Journal of Microbiology and Biotechnology*, 35, e2412001. <https://doi.org/10.4014/jmb.2412.12001>
- Zhou, Z., Sun, Z., Shan, Z., Guo, K., Yang, T., Yang, H., Deng, Z., & Guo, Z. (2025). Advanced composite preform forming technology for structures and its digitization: A review. *Thin-Walled Structures*, 211, 113053. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tws.2025.113053>

---

**Copyright Holder :**

© Zeynep Toprak et al. (2026).

**First Publication Right :**

© Pengabdian: Jurnal Abdimas

This article is under:

